Relationships, Sex and Health Education Policy (RSHE)

September 2026

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Primary Relationships, Sex Education & Health Education Policy Guidance

1. This policy was developed in response to:

- Children and Social Work Act (2017)
- Relationships Education and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education Guidance, (Department for Education September 2019)
- Relationships Education and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education Guidance, (Department for Education July 2025)
- Keeping children safe in education (KCSIE) (DfE, 2025). keeping-children-safe-in-education.
- Research commentary: teaching about sex, sexual orientation, and gender reassignment, (Chris Jones, Ofsted's Director, July 2021)
- Equality Act, 2010 and schools
- Not Yet Good Enough: personal, social, health and economic education in schools, (Ofsted 2013)
- Special Educational Needs and Disability code of practice: 0-25 years, 2020
- Life Lessons: PSHE and SRE in schools: Fifth Report, (House of Commons Education Committee 2015)
- Transforming Children and Young People's Mental Health Provision Green Paper (July 2018)
- Review of Sexual abuse in schools and colleges, Ofsted June 2021
- Science programmes of study: Key Stages 1 & 2 (Department of Education, 2013) National curriculum in England: science programmes of study - GOV.UK
- Protected characteristics and separation by sex on school inspections (Department of Education, 2025)

This policy should be read in conjunction with:

- Online safety Policy
- Anti-bullying/Behaviour Policy
- Safeguarding Policy (including child sexual exploitation and harmful sexualised behaviours) See DCC template.
- Equality and Inclusion Policy
- PSHE Policy (including the Physical and Mental Wellbeing requirements of the statutory guidance and the wider non statutory elements)
- Promoting Mental Health and Resilience Policy
- Prevent policy

2. The seven guiding principles for relationships, sex and health education from the statutory guidance help us form the high-quality RSHE provision in this school.

As a school we keep the following key principles in mind:

A. Engagement with pupils.
B. Engagement and transparency with parents.
C. Positivity.
D. Careful sequencing of our curriculum.
E. Relevant and responsive lessons to any incidents that may occur
F. Skilled delivery of participative education.
G. Whole school approach

**see appendix 2 for further detail*

3. Our School Context, meeting the needs of the pupils, parents and the community

Roseberry Primary and Nursery School is rooted in our local communities of Pelton, Pelton Fell and Grange Villa. We provide a safe and inclusive environment where individual achievement is celebrated at every step. Our school provides a broad and balanced curriculum, which is carefully planned to meet the needs of all the pupils. Our Roseberry values embody our vision and aim to ensure children leave our school as respectful, resilient, independent individuals who are motivated for their next steps and ready for life ahead.

Staff and pupils have strong relationships and this is fundamental to the successful delivery of RHSE at our school. We value the input of parents and have good relationships with our families. Children at our school are predominantly White British. Less than 1% of children have English as an additional language (EAL). Safeguarding the pupils in our school is of the highest priority and we recognise that an RSHE curriculum may need to be responsive to emerging needs or immediate concerns. In such cases, the school will inform parents and carers.

Many of our pupils travelin from Grange Villa and Pelton Fell which are both listed as being amongst the 20% most deprived neighbourhoods in the country. In our local area, anti-social behaviour, criminal damage, and domestic violence are the most reported crimes. In County Durham, the rate of conception for women under 18 is significantly higher than England. The rate of under 16 conceptions in County Durham is significantly higher than England. In our most local wards, we rank 15th our of 65 wards for children who are at risk of being overweight by Year 6. We rank 16th out of 65 in County Durham ward ranking for anti-social behaviour that occurs locally. We rank 20th out of 65 for ward ranking for criminal damage or arson in County Durham.

4. School intent – Roseberry Primary and Nursery School

At our school, we provide a safe, rich environment which is inclusive. Individual achievement is celebrated and our curriculum is exciting and engaging for all pupils, inspiring our pupils to explore the world and broadening their horizons in readiness for the adventures ahead. Our values of Respect, Resilient, Ready for Life are embodied in all aspects of school life, not least within our RSHE and wider PSHE curricula. We believe that delivering a broad, balanced programme will supplement our aim to develop children who display these values whilst at our school and moving forwards into their futures.

Our RSHE programme aims to prepare pupils for an adult life in which they can:

- develop positive values and a moral framework that will guide their positive decisions, judgements, and behaviours.
- have the confidence and self-esteem to value themselves and others and the skills to judge what kind of relationship they want.
- understand the consequences of their actions and behave responsibly, including respecting others and behaving responsibly within personal relationships.
- avoid being pressured into uncomfortable or dangerous situations, including online sharing.
- understand, recognise and apply skills of seeking permission, refusal and consent.
- communicate and behave in a respectful manner towards people around them, contributing to a shared safe and inclusive environment/community to live.
- challenge discrimination and understand the importance of equality and respect.
- have sufficient information and skills to protect themselves in a variety of harmful situations including staying safe from exploitation.
- be aware of sources of help and acquire the skills and confidence to access advice and support if necessary.
- show respect and acceptance of children and families who are BAME and/or have English as an additional language
- show respect and acceptance of children who have families that might look different to theirs.

5. The engagement and consultation with relevant stakeholders:

Parents and carers

As a school we want to make sure we communicate with parents in an honest and accessible way to help our parent community understand the importance of RSHE for wellbeing and safety.

Here at Roseberry, we believe strongly in the role of parents in the development of their children's understanding about relationships. We will engage with parents to help make certain they understand the RSHE provision taught. In consultation with parents, we will differentiate clearly between the elements of the RSHE curriculum that are relationships education and those that are sex education.

We encourage parents to view resources and access the links provided on our school's website to support their child's learning and development at home, for example NSPCC links and 1 Decision medium term plans which detail the coverage of the curriculum. Our resources are quality assured via 1 Decision which is government approved. Parents will be consulted annually regarding any changes made to our RSHE curriculum delivery and any changes to the National

Curriculum in England. Parents can request teaching resources that teachers will use to deliver the RSHE curriculum.

- Roseberry will continue to tailor the curriculum to the needs of our pupils in a range of ways: pupil voice may alter the order of the delivery of our curriculum to adapt to emergent needs of a cohort; school council may raise concerns about play times and lunch times which would then impact curriculum delivery and a review would take place regarding planning; initial assessments at the beginning of a unit to ascertain prior knowledge and assess understanding
- Consultation and engagement with parents / carers will occur annually and will be led by the RSHE/PSHE lead to facilitate discussion and proposed changes to the curriculum.
- Review of RSHE curriculum content with staff, pupils, and parents /carers will occur via staff meetings, parent workshops and via pupil voice, facilitated by the RHSE lead.
- Consultation with governors will occur in governors' meetings and our PSHE link governor will be invited to attend a parent consultation meeting.
- Consultation, agreement, and implementation of policy by school governors will be sought in due course regarding any proposed policy change.
- When any changes occur, parents will be notified via Class Dojo and invited to any consultation sessions proposed. Regular contact via Class Dojo about emergent needs of a cohort will also keep parents up to date. For example, an example of homophobia may require the class teacher to respond to those needs immediately, in line with our Behaviour and Positive relationships policy.

  At Roseberry we want to encourage our parents to be responsible for; -

- Supporting their children's personal, emotional and physical development alongside the support we offer as a school.
- Ensuring that they are aware of curriculum content and when topics will be covered in school by accessing the information provided. We aim to support all our parents and carers to engage in the process.
- Completing school surveys and attending parent sessions when invited.
- Foster an open and supportive home environment where pupils can engage, discuss and continue to learn about topics which have been taught in school.
- Contact school if additional support is needed to access school materials, information or policy documentation.

Parent RSHE meeting

As part of the engagement process all parents will have the opportunity to attend a meeting at a timely point.

- To view, develop and review the RSHE policy
- be kept informed of the external providers we may bring in to enhance and teach pupils specific RSHE content
- discuss the curriculum content and view a representative sample of the resources that we plan to use (a sample will be on Class Dojo and further materials can be viewed upon your request)
- share any worries and ask questions
- discuss what sex education is taught in year 6 and the benefits of teaching this. (See section on sex education and rights of withdrawal)

- gain information about talking to your child at home, including useful sources of information.

Openness with parents and carers and RSHE materials

Copyright law and RSHE materials

Parents will be provided with a statement that details copyright law in relation to viewing our PSHE resources. Terms of licence for 1 Decision materials can be found here: https://www.1decision.co.uk/terms-and-conditions. This will detail that the curriculum/resource content, as a condition of access, should not be copied or shared further except as authorised under copyright law.

If a parent cannot attend a parent meeting or access the RSHE materials via our school website, Roseberry will provide paper copies to take home, providing parents agree to a similar statement that they will not copy the content/resource or share it further except as authorised under copyright law.

Any parent, teacher or pupil wishing to provide feedback about the curriculum will be able to do so at any time during the academic year.

Engagement with pupils

An inclusive and well-sequenced RSHE curriculum should be informed by meaningful engagement with pupils to ensure that the curriculum is relevant and engaging. Assessment of pupil readiness will take place as part of our continued approach to monitoring the curriculum; this may be within assessment for learning pedagogical approaches in our teaching, and in ensuring pupil voice forms part of our decisions on the timeliness of including particular subject content and the way in which it is taught.

The DfE's statutory requirements means schools must teach Relationships Education.

Relationships Education is the building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, including online. It gives children and young people the essential skills to build positive, enjoyable, and non-exploitative relationships. Relationship Education supports children at the start of their education to grow into kind, caring adults who have respect for others and know how to keep themselves safe.

Primary relationships education is a protective and preventative curriculum that equips children with skills and knowledge to keep themselves and others safe, and to recognise and report risks and abuse, including online abuse. This is delivered by focusing on boundaries, privacy, and children's rights over their own bodies and personal information.

Relationships education will focus on how to form and sustain positive relationships but will also help children identify risks and harms. Relationships education may therefore include topics related to preventing sexual abuse, for example, or avoiding sharing inappropriate material online. This can be done without describing the detail of any sexual activity involved. Similarly, good safeguarding practice requires children and young people to understand the correct terms for different parts of the body and to be able to confidently use these terms. At primary this is done without describing any detail of sexual activity.

Informed and a responsive curriculum.

All curriculum content is delivered in a sequenced and accumulative way across the primary phase and in a way that does not cause unreasonable alarm or appear to normalise risky behaviours or activities. As a school, we must respond to a need or concern that is affecting our pupils, we will inform parents and carers in advance if any content we intend to deliver, deviates from the previously planned curriculum. The intended taught lesson content (reasoning if appropriate) and relevant teaching materials will be shared on request. Teaching will be age appropriate and respectful of all children. All curriculum content will be informed by the statutory RSHE guidance (DfE) and timeliness of delivery of such content, based on safeguarding the children in our school.

Statutory guidance primary relationships education topic areas are:

- Families and people that care about them
- Caring friendships
- Respectful kind relationships
- Online safety and awareness
- Being safe

For further information, please see the PSHE programme of study document which is available on our school website.

Health Education – Health and Mental Wellbeing

The focus of Health and Mental Wellbeing in primary should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. It should enable pupils to see the strong links between physical and mental health, for them to make healthy choices and decisions and encourage openness around mental health, reducing stigma. It should support pupils to recognise when things are not right in their own health or the health of others and to seek support when needed.

As part of RSHE 'Developing bodies' will be delivered as part of the statutory programme.

Pupils will learn.

- about growth and other ways, the body can change and develop, particularly during adolescence.
- the correct names of body parts, including the penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples will be taught*. Pupils will gain understanding that all these parts of the body are private and learn the skills to express their own boundaries around these body parts. (**parts referenced in the RSHE statutory guidance).*
- the facts about the menstrual cycle, including physical and emotional changes.

Curriculum content related to puberty and menstruation will be complemented by sensitive arrangements to help girls prepare for and manage menstruation, including with requests for period products.

To view all the Heath Education content, please see the information at the end of the policy.

Non-Statutory Sex Education at primary

Sex education is not compulsory in primary schools. The DfE recommends that primary schools teach sex education in years 5 and/or 6, in line with content about conception and birth, which forms part of the national curriculum for science. The national curriculum for science includes subject content in related areas, such as the main external body parts, the human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals.

This will be tailored to the age and physical and emotional maturity of pupils.

As sex education is not statutory at primary level, other than what must be taught as part of the science curriculum, parents have the right of request to withdraw their child from all or part of the sex education curriculum.

In addition to the statutory requirements, our school has chosen to teach non-statutory sex education. As a school we will consult with parents and carers about the content of anything that will be taught within sex education. We will offer support in talking to your children about sex education and how to link positive conversation and education in the home environment to that taught in school.

Definition of sex education

Non statutory sex education will be taught in Year 6 in the summer term. This will include how a baby is made, human reproduction, and how a sperm fertilise an egg.

Right to be excused from non-statutory sex Education

Further advice about parents 'right to request withdrawal' from sex education, can be found below. As a school we cover some additional content which is defined as sex education. This is tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. As a school we review this content regularly and assess readiness of our pupils for any content taught. Parents will be informed what will be taught and when. Parents will have an opportunity to take part in the consultation process on what will be covered before we teach non statutory sex education. Right to be withdrawn does not include any statutory relationships and health education content, nor can pupils be withdrawn from topics taught as part of the science curriculum, including science topics related to puberty or sexual reproduction.

Parents will receive clear information on their right to request that their child can be withdrawn from some or all parts of sex education and the request will be automatically granted.

Parents and carers will have an opportunity to discuss their withdrawal request with the headteacher: this may include discussing if their child is to be withdrawn from all parts or just some of the content. The school will discuss how withdrawing their child may impact their child's understanding, and school-parent conversation will include discussing the benefits and the possible detrimental effects of withdrawal, along with offering support or signposting to resources that aid parents to discuss some content with their child at home (if a parent wishes this).

Alternative arrangements and purposeful education will be arranged for a withdrawn pupil. Parents are encouraged to discuss their concerns and / or decisions with the headteacher at the earliest opportunity. The head teacher/RSHE lead will document the process and outcome.

Please see the school website to access further RSHE information and websites to support any discussions at home. Please see the appendix for further guidance and information.

8. Whole school approach to wellbeing and positive relationships

Roseberry have adopted the DfE's RSHE guidance in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum and in a way that best supports pupils' wellbeing, safety, personal and educational positive outcomes. All RSHE and the key topics of Mental Health and Wellbeing sit within the wider programme of Personal Development and Wellbeing. Our whole school approach is also linked to our Behaviour and Positive Relationships policy, as well as our PSHE curriculum.

Pupils with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND)

For some SEND pupils in mainstream schools there may be a need to tailor content and teaching of RSHE to meet the specific needs of pupils at different development stages. Teaching will be sensitive, age-appropriate, developmentally appropriate and delivered with reference to the law.

Our aim is to make sure the curriculum is accessible to all pupils in school. See the inclusion section for further information.

9. Principles and Values for RSHE

RSHE is an integral part of personal development and lifelong learning, and it is an entitlement for all pupils in our care.

In addition, Roseberry Primary and Nursery School believes that RSHE should:

- be an integral part of the lifelong learning process, beginning in early childhood and to continue into adult life.
- be an entitlement for all pupils in our care.
- allow children to explore, consider, and gain an understanding of moral dilemmas.
- enable them to make informed and ethical decisions about their wellbeing, health, and relationships.
- encourage every pupil to contribute to the school community that aims to support each individual as they grow and learn.
- be set within this wider school context and supports family commitment and love, respect and affection, knowledge, and openness.

- celebrate the wide range of family structures in our school community, including single parent families, same-sex parents, families headed by grandparents, young carers, kinship carers, adoptive parents, and foster parents/carers.
- promote love, respect, kindness, generosity, and caring for one another and respect the environment in which we live.
- encourage pupils and staff to share and listen to each other's views and the right to hold/express views.
- generate an atmosphere where questions and discussion on personal matters can take place without any stigma or embarrassment.
- teach the importance of boundaries/consent and giving, in relationships including online with friends, peers and adults.
- prevent harms by helping young people understand and identify when things are not right.

RSHE has three main elements that contribute to personal development and wellbeing by helping pupils to.

Attitudes and Values

- learning the importance of values, individual conscience, and moral choices.
- learning the value and valuing family life, stable and loving relationships, marriage, and civil partnerships.
- learning the value of and demonstrating respect, kindness, love, and care.
- exploring, considering, and understanding moral dilemmas.
- developing skills including negotiation and decision making.
- the importance of boundaries/consent and giving, in relationships including online with friends, peers and adults.
- challenging myths, misconceptions, false news, false assumptions about normal behaviour.

Personal and Social Skills

- learning to manage a range of emotions within relationships confidently and sensitively, including off and online.
- developing positive self-esteem and confidence.
- developing and demonstrating self-respect and empathy for others.
- making informed choices with an absence of prejudice and discrimination
- pupils show respect for those who share the protected characteristics.
- understand bullying, and that this can include the use of derogatory terms relating to sex, race, disability, or sexual orientation.
- developing an appreciation of the consequences of choices made.
- managing conflict resolution, with families, people they care for and are for them and friendships.
- empower pupils with the skills to be able to recognise inappropriate/ uncomfortable situations and/or behaviours with their family, with their peers, with adults and interactions online.
- how to report concerns, risks or abuse, including *'child on child' abuse, and have the skills, confidence and the vocabulary needed to do so.
- empower them with the skills to be able to recognise inappropriate/ uncomfortable situations and/or behaviours with their family, peers, adults, and interactions online.

- learning to actively seek, ask and recognise consent from others.
- developing the skills necessary to communicate effectively in a range of scenarios involving consent and understand that consent can be withdrawn.
- learn and understand the role of a friend, understand how to form, maintain, and have positive healthy friendships (on and offline).
- know that you should be respectful in online interactions.
- know how to critically evaluate their online relationships and sources of information, including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.
- The importance of exercising caution about sharing any information about themselves online.
- recognise the powerful influence of social media and develop critical thinking skills to manage their online presence.

Knowledge and Understanding

- Understand that being a victim of abuse is never the fault of the child.
- to recognise emotional, physical, and sexual abuse. Even very young children can be equipped to understand what counts as abusive behaviour and to trust their instincts about behaviour that does not feel right.
- know that their bodies belong to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical touch, and other, contact.
- about growth and other ways, the body can change and develop, particularly during adolescence.
- the correct names of body parts, including the penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples will be taught. (**parts referenced in the RSHE statutory guidance).* Pupils will gain an understanding that all these parts of the body are private and learn the skills to express their own boundaries around these body parts.
- the facts about the menstrual cycle, including physical and emotional changes.
- learning about human reproduction (*Human reproduction is non statutory 'sex education')
- learning about where to go for help or advice in school and how to access a range of local and national support agencies, including online.
- Pupils will be supported and equipped with the knowledge to navigate different experiences in a positive way before they occur, and to prevent harms.

The policy was produced by C Blakeney (RSHE lead) through consultation with Emma Dunn (Headteacher and DSL), Chantelle McClaren (PSHE/RSHE governor) 26.3.26

Responsibilities of the Governor body are in ensuring all pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcome. Teaching is accessible to all pupils with SEND curriculum content and teaching materials align to the statutory RSHE guidance.

- clear information is provided for parents on the subject content, teaching materials, and external providers, and on the right to request that their child is withdrawn from sex education.
- teaching staff have access to quality assured training and professional development associated with RSHE.
- the subject has a raised profile and is connected to safeguarding of children.
- all staff are up to date with policy changes, and are familiar with school practice, policy and guidance relating to RSHE.

The role of the Headteacher

It is the overall responsibility of the Headteacher to ensure that all stakeholders are informed about the RSHE policy, and that the policy is fully implemented. This includes parental rights to withdraw from some or all the sex education and fully informing parents what is statutory education that pupils cannot be withdrawn from.

The Headteacher will:

- Ensure staff have the necessary continued professional development and confidence to deliver a high-quality RSHE curriculum that suits the needs of all the pupils in the schools.
- Ensure there is adequate time on the school timetable to deliver a high-quality RSHE curriculum.
- Take responsibility overall for monitoring and evaluating the provision for RSHE.
- Report to the governing body on the effectiveness of the policy.
- Take responsibility for reviewing the policy on an annual basis along with parents and carers.
- Discuss and review requests from parents to withdraw their children from non-statutory sex education teaching.
- Seek quality assurance of curriculum material/resources/any external agencies/CPD provider used.
- Ensure there is openness with parents about the RSHE materials that are used to teach pupils and parents and carers are informed of their rights around viewing materials.
- Ensure parents and carers are informed when external agencies are invited in to deliver aspects of the RSHE curriculum (including the option to view 1 Decision's materials)

The relationships, sex and health education subject leader are responsible for:

The RSHE subject leader has attended relevant training which includes: Primary PSHE subject network meetings, positively engaging parents with the new RSHE framework in Primary schools and up to date RSHE guidance in line with Durham County Council recommendations.

Teaching staff have or will receive training on changes to the RSHE curriculum to support pupils with:

- Overseeing the delivery of the subjects.
- Ensuring that staff values and attitudes will not prevent them from providing a balanced approach to RSHE in school.
- Providing the agreed vocabulary to be used during the lessons to ensure a consistent approach.
- Ensuring the subjects are age-appropriate and high-quality.
- Ensuring teachers are provided with adequate resources to support teaching of the subjects.
- Ensuring the school meets the DfE statutory requirements in relation to the relationships, [sex], and health education curriculum.
- Ensuring the relationships, sex and health education curriculum is inclusive and accessible for all pupils.
- Working with other subject leaders to ensure the relationships, sex, and health education complements, but does not duplicate, the content covered in the national curriculum.

- Liaising and working in partnership with parents and carers to support further conversations at home and to share a sample of the resources ahead of teaching and further resources upon request.
- Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the subjects and providing reports to the headteacher.

11. Organisation, content and delivery of RSHE

Roseberry will organise the teaching of RSHE as part of the PSHE Education curriculum

Much of the RSHE education at Roseberry takes place within PSHE Education lessons. Teachers deliver the PSHE curriculum with support from professionals where appropriate. Support is also available through ongoing CPD via 1 Decision. School staff are best placed to work with their own classes on many RSHE topics as they are aware of children's individual circumstances and sensitivities, and also any SEN needs which may impact on their delivery of the RSHE curriculum.

Broadly, delivery of the RSHE curriculum includes:

- families and people who care for me;
- caring friendships;
- respectful, kind relationships;
- online safety and awareness;
- being safe; sex education relating to conception and birth (Year 6)
- main, external body parts and developing bodies (year 5 and 6)
- Health and wellbeing including wellbeing online
- Physical health and fitness
- Drugs, alcohol and vaping
- Personal safety

All objectives are delivered in an age-appropriate manner and carefully planned in sequenced strands relating to the above areas. Strands of the RSHE curriculum are arranged carefully in a spiral curriculum to ensure children are revisiting knowledge and skills across the whole academic year. Lessons are delivered weekly within timetabled provision and additional specialists such as the NSPCC or visits from a dentist/school nurse supplement this.

Ongoing formative assessment of children's understanding informs future planning for professionals.

Safeguarding children must always be a priority.

A classroom agreement is used by all staff in all classrooms, agreed and created to best support healthy and positive conversation and learning opportunity.

RSHE lessons may contain content that pupils will find sensitive. Before embarking on these lessons, a group/classroom agreement are established which prohibit inappropriate personal information being requested or disclosed by those taking part in the lesson.

When pupils ask questions, we aim to answer them honestly at an age-appropriate level and within the group/classroom agreement established at the start of the sessions. If it is felt that

answering a specific question would involve information at a level inappropriate to the age and development of the rest of the pupils, the question will be dealt with individually at another time. It is important to remember that when a child's question(s) go unanswered, they may turn to inappropriate sources of information and therefore teachers should aim to ensure pupils voices are heard appropriately.

More expert or specialist teachers and other professionals may support staff that are uncomfortable with teaching certain aspects of the RSHE curriculum. Support and professional development will be provided for these staff, so that they can develop their confidence in delivering the whole of the RSHE curriculum programme.

At Roseberry all staff will use scientifically correct vocabulary to avoid misunderstandings and ambiguity. The words which will be used are penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples, breasts, and pubic hair all in an age and stage appropriate way. The correct terms help children to report abuse. Using the correct terms for the parts of the bodies strengthens our school approach to safeguarding children and links directly to RSHE guidance.

Managing difficult or sensitive questions

Pupils may ask questions about topics which go beyond any sex education covered by the school or related to sex education from which they have been withdrawn. The priority is to always make sure the child is safe and feels supported and heard. The school may contact a parent directly to discuss the question and ask how the parent wishes to proceed. Teachers may ask the pupil to speak to their parents or a trusted adult, signposting to support services where needed, as we recognise as a school that children whose questions go unanswered might instead turn to inappropriate sources of information, including online.

As part of teaching in a safe and inclusive classroom environment, pupils' questions and how they might be answered are discussed at the beginning of lessons, including offering alternative ways to ask questions, such as answering questions anonymously (using question boxes or online word clouds such as Mentimeter).

Open and positive school culture

A school has a responsibility to help create and nurture an open and positive school culture. It is vital this is reflected in our teaching and across whole school life to ensure our children experience positive healthy relationships with their peers and all school staff. We recognise the importance of modelling appropriate language and respectful behaviour and how this contributes to a safe inclusive, environment for all with a consideration for those with a protected characteristic.

Inclusive curriculum and delivery of RSHE

At Roseberry we want to ensure both boys and girls have opportunities to practise respectful communication and understand experiences which are different from their own, for example lessons where menstruation is delivered to both sexes in a mixed class. At Roseberry, delivering RSHE as a whole class enables us to foster healthy relationships between all pupils allowing empathy and understanding for all to develop and grow. This contributes to reducing stigma and taboo when talking about certain aspects of health education.

12. Addressing child on child abuse/sexual harassment and violence and RSHE

Preventing sexual violence and abusive behaviour begins with ensuring pupils are well informed and that RSHE curriculum is taught in primary school. Relationships education has an important role in supporting young people to develop the skills they need to build healthy relationships and grow into kind and respectful adults.

Our school recognises that children are vulnerable to and capable of abusing other children and young people, including sexually, and we understand the complex, adverse effects of domestic abuse on children. 'Child to child' abuse will not be tolerated or passed off as part of 'banter' or 'growing up. Please see our **Safeguarding Policy and Part five of the KCSIE 2025**. This school is committed to taking a proactive and preventative approach to all forms of abuse in schools and protect pupils from serious harm – both in and outside the home.

Pupils should understand that anyone can be a victim of sexual violence, and that the victim is never to blame. It is important to acknowledge that most sexual violence is committed against women and girls, and it often has a gendered component. However, anyone can be affected by sexual violence and teachers should avoid language which stigmatises boys or suggests that boys or men are always perpetrators or that girls or women are always victims.

Teaching staff will maintain an attitude 'it could happen here.' Staff in school have an important role in modelling positive behaviour and avoiding language that might perpetuate harmful stereotypes.

In an age and stage appropriate way, topics include, but are not limited to, consent and permission seeking (both on and offline), safe touch and privacy, respectful, healthy relationships and appropriate language, communication and behaviour. The content is covered through a spiral curriculum. Our school recognises the key links between these important topic areas and supporting our children to gain the skills and confidence to say no, speak up and report abuse.

Keeping children safe in education 2025

13. Fostering inclusion and valuing diversity

Schools are required to comply with relevant requirements of the Equality Act 2010, including the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED), when teaching RSHE. Schools must ensure topics in RSHE are taught in a way which does not discriminate against pupils or amount to harassment.

Under the provisions of the Equality Act, schools must not unlawfully discriminate against pupils because of their age, sex, race, disability, religion or belief, gender reassignment, pregnancy or maternity, marriage or civil partnership, or sexual orientation (collectively known as the protected characteristics).

Our school wants to ensure that children from a range of backgrounds and children with diverse needs feel like they belong in this school. We recognise this is bigger than just in the classroom. The school community, the environment, the interactions and relationships within our school must all be considered for a true inclusive environment. *Please see our Equality policy for further information*.

Schools must also make reasonable adjustments to alleviate disadvantage and make sure the RSHE content will be made accessible to all pupils, including those with SEND and a caring role.

Pupils with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND)

We believe RSHE should be inclusive and developed to ensure these subjects are accessible for pupils with SEND and prepare pupils for adulthood, as set out in the SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years.

For some SEND pupils there may be a need to tailor or adapt content and teaching of RSHE to meet the specific needs of pupils at different development stages. The teaching will be sensitive, age-appropriate, developmentally appropriate and delivered with reference to the law.

We will ensure that all pupils receive relationships education and relationships and sex education (Year 6), and we will offer provision appropriate to the needs of all our pupils, taking specialist advice where necessary. It is important that SEND pupils receive the knowledge they need to build up their independence and it helps to protect them from harm.

We recognise pupils with SEND may be more vulnerable than their peers to harmful sexual behaviour, sexual abuse, exploitation and violence, bullying and other issues. RSHE can be particularly important for these pupils, particularly those with social, emotional, and mental health needs or learning disabilities.

Where possible the RSHE curriculum will be adapted to suit, 'not changed,' to ensure all pupils can have access to the same curriculum.

Religion and belief, including teaching in schools with a religious character.

RSHE should be sensitive to the religious background of pupils, and we will ensure we comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010, under which religion or belief are amongst the protected characteristics.

We encourage parents /carers to discuss any concerns with the headteacher.

Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender (LGBT)

Schools must ensure that they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010, under which sex, sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics.

The DfE strongly encourages primary schools to teach about healthy loving relationships, and to include same-sex parents along with other family arrangements when discussing families. The point in which as a school we teach pupils about LGBT, the content is fully integrated into the curriculum and within the context of teaching about different types of healthy loving families.

Pupils are taught to understand protected characteristics age appropriately. No one is treated in any way less favourably on the grounds of, gender reassignment, sexual orientation or sex.

As a school we will consult with parents and carers on the content of external resources on this topic in advance and make all materials available to them on request, as set out in the section on openness with parents.

The RSHE lead will ensure that the content is age and stage appropriate in the RSHE curriculum.

14. Safeguarding reports of abuse and confidentiality

This RSHE policy supports our school's approach to safeguarding and links to other key policies and guidance.

It is made clear to pupils that all adults in school cannot guarantee absolute confidentiality. When forming the class/group agreement pupils are informed and it will be reinforced to make sure all pupils understand.

It is equally important that staff adopt safeguarding-disclosure procedure and that children understand how confidentiality will be handled in a lesson and what might happen if they do disclose anything of concern in a discussion or anything shared directly with a teacher, about themselves or a peer. Pupils should also understand where they can report any concerns/worries and seek help, including to external services if they do not feel comfortable talking to school staff.

School staff are aware RSHE can at times lead to a disclosure and teachers will consult with the designated safeguarding lead to follow all safeguarding protocols in the school.

A child under thirteen is not legally capable of consenting to sexual activity. Any offence under The Sexual Offences Act 2003 involving a child under thirteen is very serious and should be taken to indicate a risk of significant harm to the child. Cases involving under thirteens should always be discussed with the nominated child protection lead.

Under the Sexual Offences Act, penetrative sex with a child under the age of thirteen is classed as rape. Therefore, in all cases where the sexually active young person is under thirteen, a referral should be made to First Contact, naming the young person, and the sexual partner if known. Following this, a Strategy meeting or discussion will be held. The meeting will involve a Team Manager, Social Worker, Police, Health Worker, Education and Welfare and other relevant agencies, to discuss next steps.

Where the allegation concerns penetrative sex, or other intimate sexual activity occurs, there would always be reasonable cause to suspect that a child, whether girl or boy, is suffering or likely to suffer significant harm. All cases involving under thirteens should be fully documented and reported.

Health professionals in school are bound by their codes of conduct but have a duty to share information with relevant others, if they believe that a child is suffering abuse.

Where lessons are delivered by external agencies, schools must agree in advance of the session how a safeguarding concern would be dealt with by the external visitor, and in line with school policy. All visitors will be required to explain their safeguarding procedures informing the school how they would deal with receiving a disclosure.

These procedures should be read in conjunction with the Durham Safeguarding Children's Partnership procedures https://durham-scp.org.uk

15. Working with external agencies

The school may invite guest speakers into school to talk on issues related to RSHE, e.g. an expert or experienced health professional. A teacher will be present throughout all these lessons.

Visitors will be given a copy of this policy and expected to comply with the guidelines outlined within it. All resources used by guest speakers will be available to parents to view prior to lesson delivery. (See section on openness with parents and RSHE materials)

Before delivering the session, the school will:

- Ensure the lesson the external expert has planned fits with the school's planned curriculum and this policy.
- Ensure the expert's credentials are checked before they can participate in delivery of the curriculum, in line with the Visitor Policy.

Discuss the details of the expert's lesson plan and ensure that the content is age-appropriate and accessible for the pupils

16. Monitoring and Evaluation of RSHE

It is the responsibility of the Head Teacher/ Leadership Team to oversee and organise the monitoring and evaluation of PSHE, in the context of the overall school plans for monitoring the quality of teaching and learning. The PSHE programme will be treated as a subject and will be involved in a yearly monitoring and evaluation exercise led by the Leadership Team. The Governing body is responsible for overseeing, reviewing and organising the revision of the RSHE policy and curriculum. Ofsted is required to evaluate and report personal development, behaviour and welfare as well as spiritual, moral, social and cultural development (SMSC) of pupils. This may include evaluating and commenting on the school's relationship and sex education policy, curriculum, staff development, and quality of provision.

17. Engagement with pupils and assessment

Our school's RSHE curriculum formative assessments ensure pupils continue to make progress and acquire the key knowledge needed for continued personal development and well-being.

It is the responsibility of the Head Teacher/ Leadership Team to oversee and organise the monitoring and evaluation of the statutory RSHE curriculum in the context of the overall school plans for monitoring the quality of teaching and learning. The RSHE programme will be treated as a subject and will be involved in a yearly monitoring and evaluation exercise led by the Leadership Team.

The Governing body is responsible for overseeing, reviewing, and organising the revision of the RSHE policy and curriculum.

Appendices:

Please see below a list of sources of information for parents/carers to talk to their children at home:

1 Decision Parent Zone

Parents' leaflets | NSPCC Learning

NSPCC | The UK children's charity | NSPCC

Parents and carers | CEOP Education

I'm looking for support with being a parent or carer | Barnardo's

Our services for parents and carers | Place2Be

The 7 Guiding principles for relationships, sex and health education

Our school policy and practice is planned, assessed, monitored and developed with the 7 Guiding principles for relationships, sex and health education as the key principles:

a. **Engagement with pupils**. An inclusive and well-sequenced RSHE curriculum should be informed by meaningful engagement with pupils to ensure that the curriculum is relevant and engaging.

b. **Engagement and transparency with parents**. Schools should engage with parents on the content of RSHE and be transparent with parents about all materials used in RSHE. All materials should be available to parents. Parents have a right to request that their children are withdrawn from sex education (pupils can opt back in from three terms before they turn 16) and schools should ensure parents are aware of sex education content within lessons in advance.

c. Positivity. Schools should focus on building positive attitudes and skills, promoting healthy norms about relationships, including sexual relationships where relevant, and about health, including mental health. Schools should avoid language which might normalise harmful behaviour among young people – for example gendered language which might normalise male violence or stigmatise boys.

d. Careful sequencing. Schools should cover all statutory topics, recognising that young people can start developing healthy behaviour and relationship skills as soon as they start school. Schools should sequence teaching so that pupils are supported and equipped with the knowledge to navigate different experiences in a positive way before they occur, and to prevent harms.

e. **Relevant and responsive**. Schools should develop the curriculum to be relevant, age and stage appropriate and accessible to pupils in their area, where appropriate working with local partners and other bodies to understand specific local issues and ensure needs are met.

f**. Skilled delivery of participative education**. The curriculum should be delivered by school staff or, where schools choose to use them, external providers who have the knowledge, skills and confidence to create a safe and supportive environment and to facilitate participative and interactive education which aims to support and not to alarm pupils. Staff should be trained in safeguarding and offering support, recognising the increased possibility of disclosures.

g. Whole school approach. The curriculum is best delivered as part of a whole school approach to wellbeing and positive relationships, supported by other school policies, including behaviour and safeguarding policies.

External agencies used during planning and delivery of RSHE topics:

https://www.1decision.co.uk/

https://www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/

https://www.ceopeducation.co.uk/

https://plprimarystars.com/discover